Christopher Ludlam House New Jersey Coastal Heritage Trail Delsea Drive, .25 mile South of County Road 657 South Dennis Vicinity Cape May County New Jersey HABS NO. NJ-1206
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PHOTOGRAPHS

WRITTEN HISTORICAL AND DESCRIPTIVE DATA

Historic American Buildings Survey
National Park Service
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HISTORIC AMERICAN BUILDINGS SURVEY

CHRISTOPHER LUDLAM HOUSE

HABS No. NJ-1206

<u>Location</u>: West side of Delsea Drive (State Route 47), .25 mile South of Dennisville/Cape May Court House Road (County Road 657), south of South Dennis, Cape May County, New Jersey

<u>Significance</u>: Representative of early to mid eighteenth-century houses occupied by the small population of Cape May County at this time, which was erected by a member of the founding family of nearby Dennisville; it is a typical vernacular Federal farmhouse that has been modified with additions to the rear.

<u>Description</u>: This plain, five-bay composition is a side-facing gable-roof I-house type; a centered doorway leads into a hall that is flanked by two rooms. There are two interior gable-end brick chimneys and the house has a brick foundation. This one-room deep arrangement—an outgrowth of the hall-and-parlor dwelling form—was popular throughout the mid-Atlantic and South during this century. The fenestration is nine-over-nine-light double-hung wood sash; the windows are framed with louvered shutters. The central paneled door is topped by glazing over the transom.

The first addition was made to the rear facade in 1833 to form an L plan; the connecting garage erected in 1951 is sympathetic to the historic form.

History: Erected 1776. The areas that today consist of Dennisville, North Dennis, and South Dennis were collectively known as Dennis Creek until the second half of the nineteenth century. Dennisville-Dennis Creek was deeded to John Dennis after he purchased the land from an Indian named Panktoe in 1687. Sometime between the 1690s and 1726, Jacob Spicer owned the land; in 1726 he sold it to Joseph Ludlam. Ludlam's sons, Anthony and Joseph, settled on both sides of the creek, and the foundations of the town were in place. In 1774, more than twenty individuals lived in the Dennis Creek area, including one Thomas Ludlam who co-owned a sawmill near the village. Members of the Ludlam family-Christopher and Thomas (perhaps the builder of HABS No. NJ-1205)--erected dwellings in the area. The history of this property is linked to that of Dennisville, much of which is designated an historic district; this area includes the Ludlam family burial ground, which contains approximately three-dozen headstones.

Industrially, Dennisville was known for two things: lumber and shipbuilding. Many residents mined cedar trees out of the local swamps. The trees were cut for siding and shingles--much of which was exported via schooner. Among the lumber mills that existed in the early twentieth century were those of Ogden Gandy, Jesse D. Ludlam, and Derien & Campbell. Associated with the cedar lumbering, Dennisville boasted several talented shipwrights. Two important yards were the Leaming Yards and the Isaac Gandy and Jesse Diverty shipbuilding operation. Ships were built lengthwise along the narrow creek and launched sideways into the water, moving farther out with each high tide. Cape May County was the third-largest producer of ships between 1870 and 1935, after Camden and Cumberland counties, respectively. Between 1870-99, shipwrights were responsible for forty-four vessels from shipyards in Dennisville, Goshen, Tuckahoe, and Marshallville. When yards in the latter two towns shut down in 1883, Dennisville builders compensated by producing twenty-six three-masted vessels between 1871-91. Cape May County ship production fell off in the 1880s-90s due to the demand for larger ships than what could be built locally, coupled with a depleting lumber supply.

Several prominent captains acquired great wealth from shipping lumber and produce. These men, in turn, built elegant frame homes that date to the late eighteenth and nineteenth centuries. Today, sixtynine sites are included in the Dennisville Historic District; fifty-eight are historically significant. In addition to its houses, Dennisville is known for being the first Cape May County town to have a post

SOURCES:

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- McLaughlin, James M. "Maritime History of Cape May County." <u>Cape May Magazine of History and Genealogy</u> 7 (1980): 653-58.
- Sebold, Kimberly, and Sara Amy Leach. <u>Historic Themes and Resources within the New Jersey Coastal Heritage Trail: Southern New Jersey and the Delaware Bay</u>. Washington, D.C.: U.S. Department of the Interior, 1991.

<u>Project Information</u>: The project was sponsored by the New Jersey Coastal Heritage Trail (NJCHT) of the National Park Service, Janet Wolf, director. The documentation was undertaken by the Historic American Buildings Survey (HABS), Robert Kapsch, chief, under the direction of Sara Amy Leach, HABS historian. The project was completed during summer 1992. The project historian was Kimberly R. Sebold (University of Delaware). The photography was produced by David Ames, University of Delaware, Center for Historic Architecture and Engineering.